

Poskehtokok Soining of the Branches

Photo: Martin Neptune

Spring 2006 ~ Issue 2

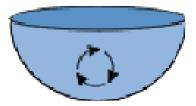
Penobscot Indian Nation Department of Natural Resources www.penobscotnation.org/DNR/DNR1.htm

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Kristin Dilworth, Big Game Biologist	7363
Yvonne "Cookie" Francis,	7331
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Tim Gould, Game Warden Supervisor	7395
Dan Kusnierz, Water Resources Program Manager	7361
Frank Loring, Game Warden	7392
Josh Loring, Game Warden	7392
Jason Mitchell, Water Resources Field Coordinator	7381
Jim Pardilla, Game Warden	7392
Ed Paul, Game Warden	7392
Jan Paul, Water Resources Field and Lab Technician	7382
Angie Reed, Water Resources Planner	7360
Russ Roy, Forest Manager	7339
Dennis Stevens, Forester	7337
Bill Thompson, Air Quality Program	7340
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What Happens During and After Ice-out on a Lake?!

Remember why ice floats? Back in Issue 2 of the Winter 2005 DNR newsletter we described the fact that water differs from most other compounds because it is less dense as a solid than as a liquid. So as long as the air temperatures at the surface of a lake stay below freezing the water on the top will be less dense than the water below and continue to float. In fact, near the end of winter, the water near a lake's bottom will usually be at 4°C and water above that layer will be cooler, approaching 0°C just under the ice.

But as we know so well, in the spring things warm up! When this happens the ice melts. The surface water heats up and therefore it decreases in density. When the temperature (density) of the surface water equals the bottom water, very little wind energy is needed to mix the lake completely. This is called turnover. For a while winds may still mix the lake from bottom to top, but eventually the upper water becomes too warm and too buoyant to mix completely with the denser deeper water.



Also as we mentioned in the article last winter, if there are low levels of oxygen in the bottom waters of a lake during the winter it can result in a release of phosphorus from the sediments. When a lake turns over in the spring, this phosphorus provides a food source for all plant life present like those that either grow from roots in the sediment or float on the surface (macrophytes) and still others that float in the water column (phytoplankton). Large amounts, or blooms, of phytoplankton in the summer can also result in fatally low levels of oxygen.

Look for future articles on what is happening during the summer!

Conservation Camp Time Again!

It's that time of year again. The Piscataquis County Soil and Water Conservation District is having their annual "Conservation Camps." This is a great opportunity for **children ages 7 to 10** an opportunity to explore the natural resources of the region and have fun learning!

MORNING SESSIONS: 9:00 am - noon

THE FIRST WEEK OF CAMP: JUNE 26 - JUNE 30 NATURAL RESOURCE ACTIVITIES

GATHERING LOCATION: Foxcroft Academy Student Center, Dover-Foxcroft

AGENDA

Monday:

Subject - Entomology

Entomologist Clay Kirby, from University of Maine, will present a



slide show about insects and how to capture them, allow the children to handle various specimens, and, weather allowing, take the children outdoors to catch and release insects native to our own backyards.

Tuesday:

Subject - Soils
More hands-on learning
when Soil Scientist Ron
Olson, of Natural Resources
Conservation Service,
teaches the kids how to dig a
soil pit in the forest.

Wednesday:

Subject - Forestry

Gordon Moore, of the Maine Forest Service, will teach the children how to measure trees to estimate their age and how to identify different types of trees.

Thursday:

Subject - Water Quality

Dan Kusnierz, Water Resources Program Manager for the Penobscot Indian Nation, will speak about water quality and the kinds of critters that live in and near healthy waters.

Friday:

Subject - Wildlife

Learn about pelts, skulls and tracks with Doug Kane of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife.



REGISTER NOW!

Enrollment limited to 30 per session

THE SECOND WEEK OF CAMP: JULY 10 - JULY 14 AGRICULTURAL TOURS

GATHERING LOCATION: Foxcroft Academy Student Center, Dover-Foxcroft

AGENDA

Monday: Buffalo & maple syrup at Breakneck Ridge in Blanchard.

Tuesday: Pick new crops at Stutzman's Vegetable Farm, Sangerville

Wednesday: Learn about raising game birds at Three Rivers Wing Shoot in Milo.

Thursday: See cows, calves and the milking process, Gilrock Dairy Farm, Sangerville.

Friday: Learn about horse care and equestrian skill at Infinity Farm, Dover-Foxcroft

Enrollment in the district would have been limited to fewer children without the many donations of time, money and supplies from the community including:

- Funds and materials that make it possible for the children to create natural resource-based crafts during camp are supplied, in part, by Palmyra
 Wal-Mart.
- Save-a-Lot Food Store in Dover-Foxcroft and Horizon Organics are providing snacks.
- The Milo Garden Club and Dover-Foxcroft Kiwanis also assist in providing funding for this camp.
- The guest speakers who donate their time to put on presentations, farm families willing to open their homes to the children and parents able to help provide supervision.

COST: \$25 per child per week. PIN DNR may be able to help with expenses for Penobscot Tribal

community members. Please call Dan at 817-7361 for info. REGISTRATION: Fill out the form included on the next page and send to the address listed. Call 564-2321, ext. 3 with questions.

Children should wear sturdy shoes that can get muddy - AVOID OPEN-TOED SHOES!
Water bottles, sun screen and insect repellent from home are welcomed.

CONSERVATION CAMP REGISTRATION

Please fill out this form and send it back with a check for \$25 per child, per week, by June 21 to:

Piscataquis County SWCD 42 Pine Crest Drive Dover-Foxcroft, ME 04426

Parent/Guardian Na			Dover-roxcroit, rile 04420	
Address:		Email:		
Phone#:		Emergency Phone #:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Child/Children's Na	Age	Doco / our crime may	e any medical conditions that we (i.e. diabetes, asthma, allergies, etc.)?	
please prov	equires a behavioral ride adult supervision attends can f Hoof & Mouth Disease camp will not be able to	n on the days he or mp.	welcome to attend. een out of the country 2 weeks	
will not be held respo Please do not send you recommended for Wo Discipline policy: Our somebody else, such	nsible for injuries or damages our child to camp in open-toed ater Quality Day. rules are simple. Be polite to as running, throwing rocks, sw d to skip the next day of cam	t. I shoes for their own safety. the guest speakers. Don't over the condition of the control of the condition of the condit	ters and Agricultural Tour farm owners Shoes that can get wet are lo anything that could hurt you or cannot follow the rules after verbal the rules upon their return, they will be	
Which week/progra June 26 – June 30 July 10- July 14	m would your child be inte Natural Resources Agriculture Tours	erested in: Check one o	For more information, please call 564-2321, ext. 3	
Would you be willing Do we have per	e attending the tours: Yes_ ng to volunteer on certain of mission to photograph you nd District newsletters: Yes	days to supervise: Yes r child for possible public	No	

Warning!

Guidelines for eating fish from Penobscot Territory Waters

To prevent possible harm from mercury, dioxins, and PCBs due to eating freshwater fish, we offer this advice:

All children under 8 and women who are nursing, pregnant or could become pregnant,

the most sensitive population from health effects of mercury,

should eat **NO FISH** from Penobscot Nation Territory waters

If you are eating fish: small trout and salmon are safer choices than large bass and pickerel.

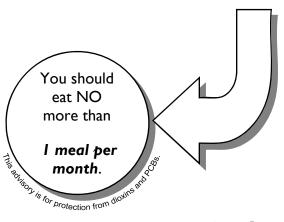


EVERYONE ELSE who is taking fish from



Any

on the Penobscot River below Mattaseunk Dam (Mattawamkeag)



For questions or more information: Penobscot DNR 207.827.7776, x. 7361

<u>OR</u>

anywhere else, where you are taking...

OR

You should eat NO more than

... Brook trout,

I meal per week. These advisories are for protection from mercury. You should eat NO more than

2 meals per month.